A man was once talking to a great scholar about a younger man named Chris. He said, "Chris tells me that he was one of your students." The professor’s answer was devastating, "He may have attended my lectures, but he was not one of my students."

In this issue of *Truth in Love*, I want to begin a verse-by-verse explanation of the Sermon on the Mount as found in Matthew 5–7. One pastor called this sermon “pure Gospel” but that is exactly what it is not. Rather, it is a “Discipleship Manual” for those who have already believed in Jesus for eternal life. While there are truths here for non-Christians to glean, this sermon is primarily for believers on the path of discipleship.

One of the supreme handicaps of modern Christianity is that there are so many believers in Christ, but so few disciples (students). Many don’t even know there is a difference. A believer is someone who has believed in Jesus Christ alone for eternal life. A disciple, on the other hand, is someone who is a devoted student and follower of Christ. As such, it is possible to be a believer, but not be a disciple (cf. Luke 19:11-27). It is equally possible to be a disciple but not a believer (Judas).

The goal is to be both. All believers should immediately begin down the path of discipleship (Matt 28:19-20). Traveling this path begins with understanding that there is a difference between believing in Christ for eternal life and following Christ for the abundant life (John 10:10). If we do not realize the distinctions between becoming a believer and living like a disciple, most of the New Testament will not make sense.

Matthew 5:1-2 provide the setting for the Sermon. These verses clearly state that Christ’s words are intended for His disciples. Many crowds of followers (another synonym for a disciple) were coming to him (cf. 4:25), so Christ went up on a hill, sat down, opened His mouth and began to teach. The phrase “opened His mouth” is not simply a picture of Jesus speaking. The phrase is used only of prophets when they were about to teach or speak an oracle from God (cf. Ezek 3:27).

As a good student (disciple) of the Word, you might remember that in the parallel account in Luke 6, Jesus is said to have gone down and stood at a level place. How can Matthew say Jesus went up and sat, when Luke says He went down and stood? Assuming that these are the same events, there are two possible explanations. First, it is possible that Luke’s description occurs prior to all the healing. If, on the other hand, the Sermon is intended to be a Discipleship Manual, then the high standard of living presented by Christ makes much more sense.

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Another possibility is that the mountain in Matthew 5 only refers to a general area where everyone was, while the level place in Luke 6 denotes a particular spot on the mountain from which Jesus spoke—sometimes sitting, sometimes standing. I have been told that if you visit the site in Israel where Jesus preached this famous sermon, the mountain slopes up, then levels off, then slopes up again. It is easy, when comparing these two events, to see Jesus performing miracles near the peak of the mountain, then coming down to the level place to preach. Such a position up on the mountain would make a natural amphitheater so that all could hear Him clearly.

The reason I begin our study of the Sermon on the Mount with such an issue is because a true disciple of Christ seeks to know and understand God’s Word. There is no such thing as a disciple who does not carefully study the Bible. Difficulties and questions do arise, but the thoughtful and prayerful student will always discover an answer. Don’t just attend the lecture, become one of Christ’s students.

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*This article, and other Bible studies by Jeremy Myers, can be accessed at www.tillhecomes.org.*